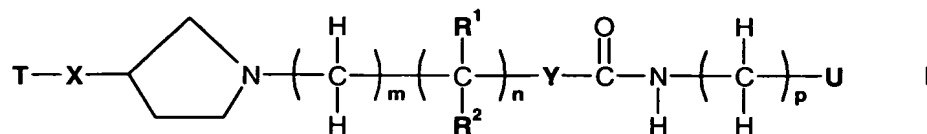


## Amendments to the Claims:

### Listing of Claims

Claim 1 (original): A compound of formula I



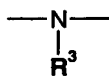
in free or salt form, wherein

T is phenyl or a 5- or 6- membered heterocyclic ring wherein at least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur;

X is -O-, carbonyl or a bond;

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, carboxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl optionally substituted by hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy, acyloxy, halo, carboxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, -N(R<sup>a</sup>)R<sup>b</sup>, -CON(R<sup>c</sup>)R<sup>d</sup> or by a monovalent cyclic organic group having 3 to 15 atoms in the ring system;

Y is



where R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl,

or Y is

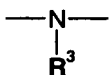


where q and r are independently 1 or 2;

U is a cyclic group selected from the group consisting of phenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl, and a 5- or 6- membered heterocyclic ring wherein at least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur;

m is a whole number from 0 to 8;

n is an integer from 1 to 8 except when Y is



then n is an integer from 2 to 8;

p is a whole number from 0 to 4;

$R^a$  and  $R^b$  are each independently hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl, or  $R^a$  is hydrogen and  $R^b$  is hydroxy- $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl, acyl,  $-SO_2R^c$  or  $-CON(R^c)R^d$ , or  $R^a$  and  $R^b$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached denote a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic group wherein at least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur;  $R^c$  and  $R^d$  are each independently hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl, or  $R^c$  and  $R^d$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached denote a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic group wherein at least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur; and  $R^e$  is  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -haloalkyl, or phenyl optionally substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl.

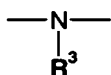
Claim 2 (original): A compound according to claim 1, wherein

T is phenyl optionally substituted by halo;

X is  $-O-$ ;

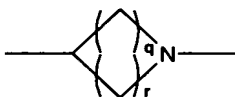
$R^1$  and  $R^2$  are both hydrogen;

Y is



where  $R^3$  is hydrogen,

or Y is

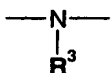


where q and r are both 2;

U is phenyl optionally substituted by halo, nitro or  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkoxy;

m is a whole number from 0 to 8;

n is an integer from 1 to 8 except when Y is



then n is an integer from 2 to 8; and

p is 0.

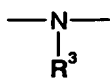
Claim 3 (original): A compound according to claim 1, wherein

T is phenyl optionally substituted by halo, preferably fluoro;

X is  $-O-$ ;

$R^1$  and  $R^2$  are both hydrogen;

Y is



where R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen,

or Y is

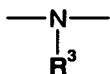


where q and r are both 2;

U is phenyl optionally substituted by halo, nitro or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, where halo is preferably fluoro and/or chloro;

m is a whole number from 0 to 4;

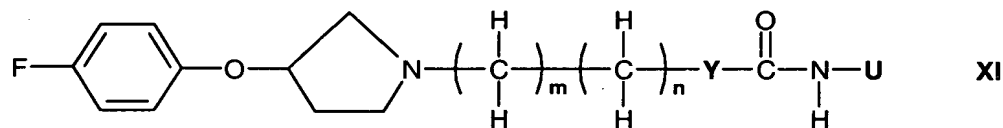
n is an integer from 1 to 4 except when Y is



then n is an integer from 2 to 4; and


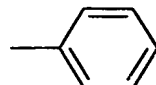

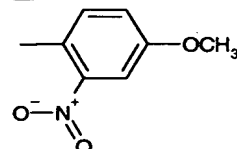
p is 0.

Claim 4 (original): A compound of formula I that is also a compound of formula XI



in free or salt form, wherein m, n, Y and U are as shown in the following table:

m	n	Y	U
0	1		
1	2		
1	2		
1	2		

1	3		
1	3		

Claim 5 (currently amended): A compound according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 4~~claim 1 for use as a pharmaceutical.

Claim 6 (currently amended): A compound according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 4~~claim 1 in combination with at least one drug substance which is an anti-inflammatory, a bronchodilator, an antihistamine, a decongestant or an anti-tussive drug substance.

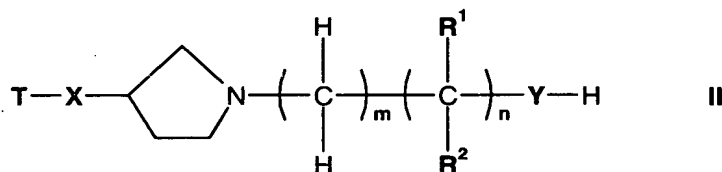
Claim 7 (currently amended): A pharmaceutical composition comprising as active ingredient a compound according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 4~~claim 1, optionally together with a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier therefor.

Claim 8 (currently amended): Use of a compound according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 4~~claim 1 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a condition mediated by CCR-3.

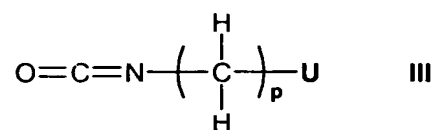
Claim 9 (currently amended): Use of a compound according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 4~~claim 1 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of an inflammatory or allergic condition, particularly an inflammatory or obstructive airways disease.

Claim 10 (original): A process for the preparation of compounds of formula I as defined in claim 1, which comprises:

(i) reacting a compound of formula II



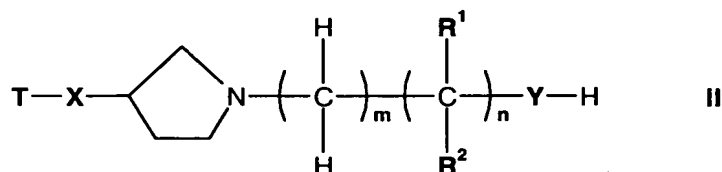
wherein T, X, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, Y, m and n are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of formula III



wherein p and U are as defined in claim 1; and

(ii) recovering the product in free or salt form.

Claim 11 (original): A compound of formula II



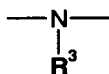
in free or salt form, wherein

T is phenyl or a 5- or 6- membered heterocyclic ring wherein at least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur;

X is -O-, carbonyl or a bond;

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, carboxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl optionally substituted by hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy, acyloxy, halo, carboxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, -N(R<sup>a</sup>)R<sup>b</sup>, -CON(R<sup>c</sup>)R<sup>d</sup> or by a monovalent cyclic organic group having 3 to 15 atoms in the ring system;

Y is



where R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl,

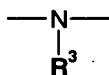
or Y is



where q and r are independently 1 or 2;

m is a whole number from 0 to 8;

n is an integer from 1 to 8 except when Y is



then n is an integer from 2 to 8;

$R^a$  and  $R^b$  are each independently hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl, or  $R^a$  is hydrogen and  $R^b$  is hydroxy- $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl, acyl,  $-SO_2R^c$  or  $-CON(R^c)R^d$ , or  $R^a$  and  $R^b$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached denote a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic group wherein at least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur;  $R^c$  and  $R^d$  are each independently hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl, or  $R^c$  and  $R^d$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached denote a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic group wherein at least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur; and  $R^e$  is  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -haloalkyl, or phenyl optionally substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl.